



DISCLOSURES

- Biosense Webster: consulting fees, speaking fees
- Boston Scientific: speaking fees





ANATOMICAL ABLATION OF PERSISTENT ATRIAL FIBRILLATION: THE MARSHALL-PLAN APPROACH

Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology

MARSHALL bundles elimination, Pulmonary veins isolation and Lines completion for ANatomical ablation of persistent atrial fibrillation: MARSHALL-PLAN case series

First published: 21 November 2018 | https://doi.org/10.1111/jce.13797

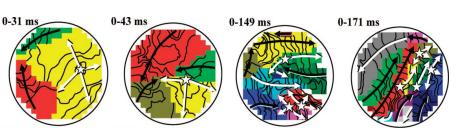


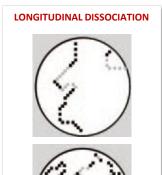
THE PATIENT TAILORED (EGM BASED) APPROACH:

IDENTIFIES AND ELIMINATES THE ELECTRICAL SUBSTRATE THAT MAINTAINS AF



EXPERIMENTAL FINDING

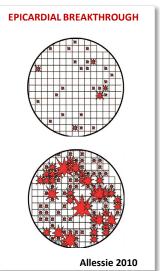




De Groot 2010

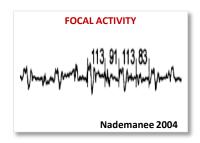
PERSISTENT AF

ACUTE AF

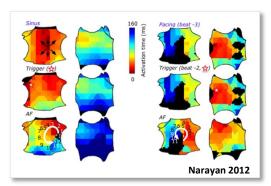


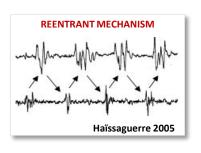
CLINICAL TRANSLATION

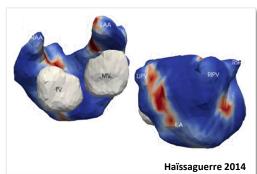
ENDOCARDIAL MAPPING



PANORAMIC MAPPING







CONSIDERED AS: « A PROOF OF CONCEPT »

CONSIDERED AS: « A CRUCIAL ENDPOINT »

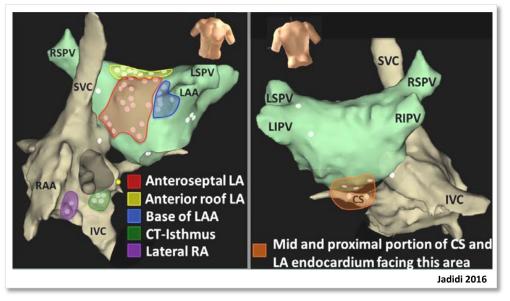


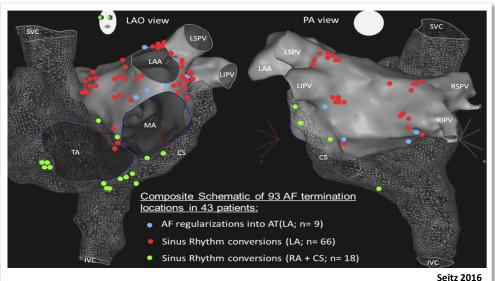


THE PATIENT TAILORED (EGM BASED) APPROACH:

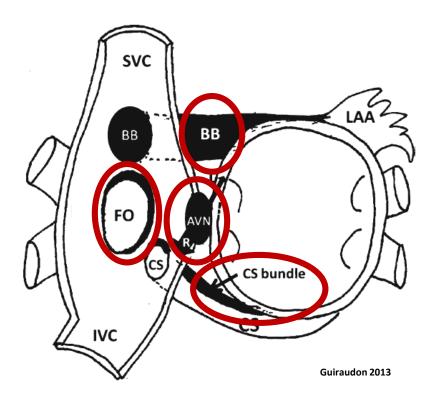
STATISTICALLY ALTERS AREAS OF GREAT IMPORTANCE FOR ATRIAL PHYSIOLOGY







ARE ATRIAS...

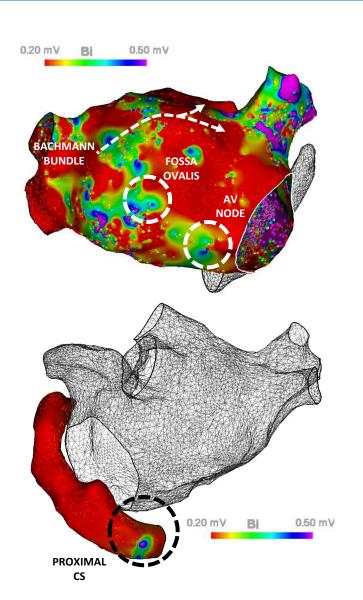


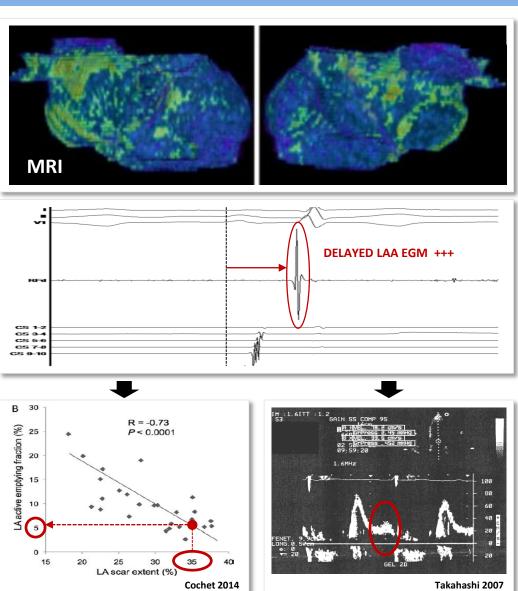
OR COMPLEX ANATOMICAL STRUCTURES?



THE 1ST PRICE TO PAY IS ATRIAL CONTRACTION IMPAIRMENT: DUE TO MYOCARDIAL MASS DECREASE AND INTER-ATRIAL DISCONNECTION





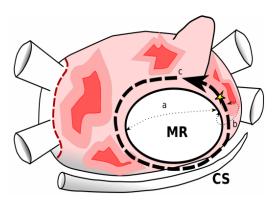


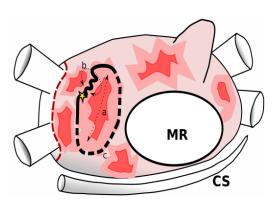


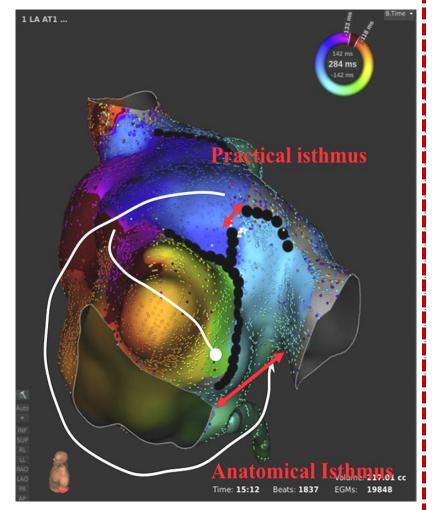
THE 2ND PRICE TO PAY IS THE INCOMING TIDE OF ATRIAL TACHYCARDIA: DUE TO THE PROARRHYTHMOGENIC EFFECT OF SUSPENDED SCARS











MACROREENTRY ~ 60% **ANATOMICAL ISTHMUSES**



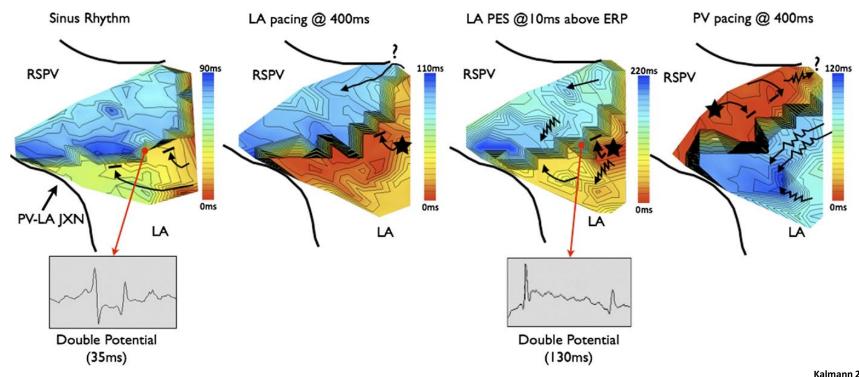
WHAT SHOULD WE DO?

REMEMBERING THAT THE ONLY CLASS I RECOMMENDATION IS ANATOMICAL...



| Table 3 Atrial fibrillation ablation: strategies, techniques, and endpoints | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| | Recommendation | Class |
| PV isolation by catheter ablation | Electrical isolation of the PVs is recommended during all AF ablation procedures. | I |

PULMONARY VEINS ARE CRUCIAL ANATOMICAL STRUCTURES FOR REENTRY...





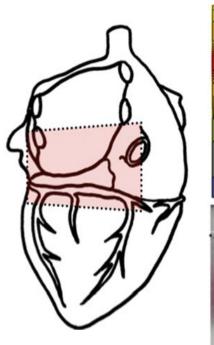
WHAT SHOULD WE DO?

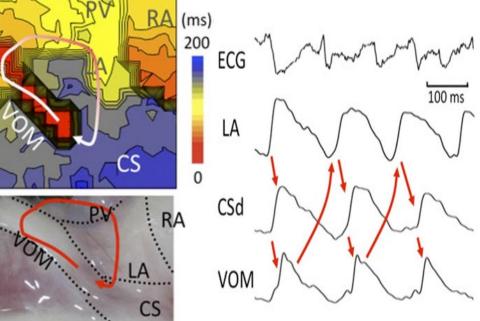
LOOKING FOR OTHER ANATOMICAL STRUCTURES ABLE TO SUPPORT REENTRY

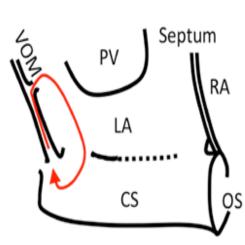


| Table 3 Atrial fibrillation | Atrial fibrillation ablation: strategies, techniques, and endpoints | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--|
| | Recommendation | Class | |
| PV isolation by catheter ablation | Electrical isolation of the PVs is recommended during all AF ablation procedures. | I | |

BUT OTHER STRUCTURES ARE ALSO NATIVELY DESIGNED TO SUPPORT REENTRY!







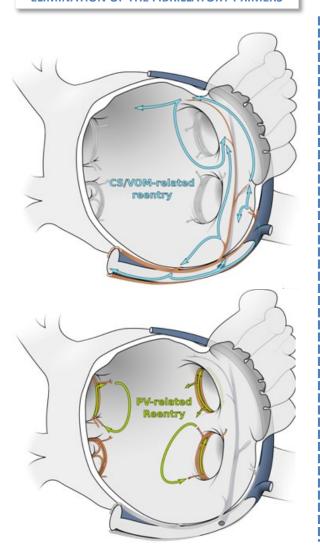


THE ANATOMICAL APPROACH:

IDENTIFIES ATRIAL STRUCTURES THAT ARE CRUCIAL TO TARGET OR TO RESPECT



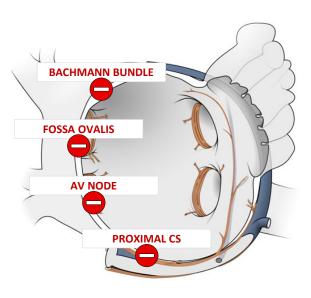
1ST STRATEGICAL ENDPOINT ELIMINATION OF THE FIBRILLATORY PRIMERS



2ND STRATEGICAL ENDPOINT ELIMINATION OF THE MAIN MACROREENTRIES



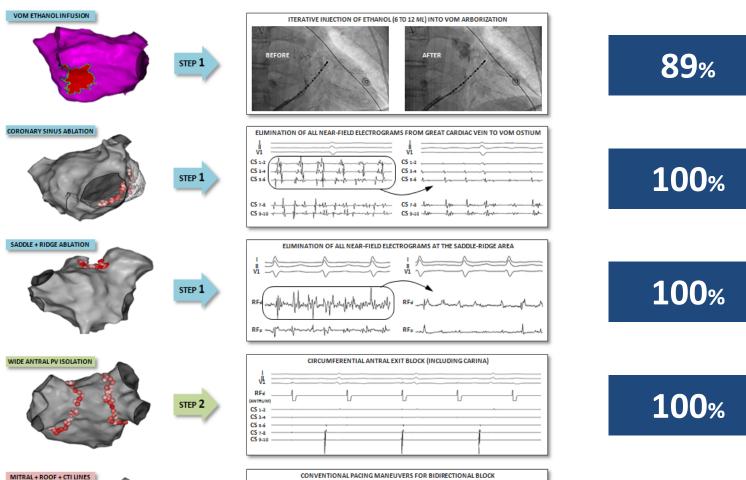
3RD STRATEGICAL ENDPOINT PRESERVATION OF THE ATRIAL PHYSIOLOGY





THE DIFFERENT STEPS OF THE MARSHALL PLAN HIGH FEASIBILITY OF CLEAR ENDPOINTS EASILY REPRODUCIBLE BY OTHER TEAMS





RFd

(LAA)

CS 1-2 CS 3-4 CS 5-6 CS 7-8 CS 9-10

STEP 3

Pambrun 2018 Bordeaux Datas

96%

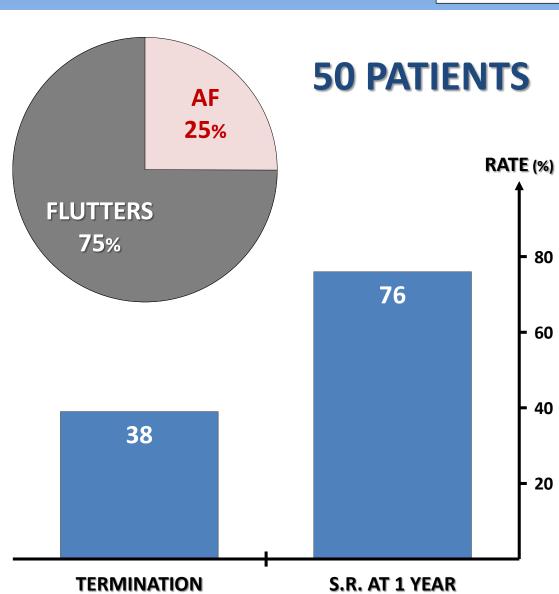


RESULTS OF THE ANATOMICAL APPROACH IN TERMS OF ACUTE PROCEDURAL AND LONG-TERM CLINICAL OUTCOME









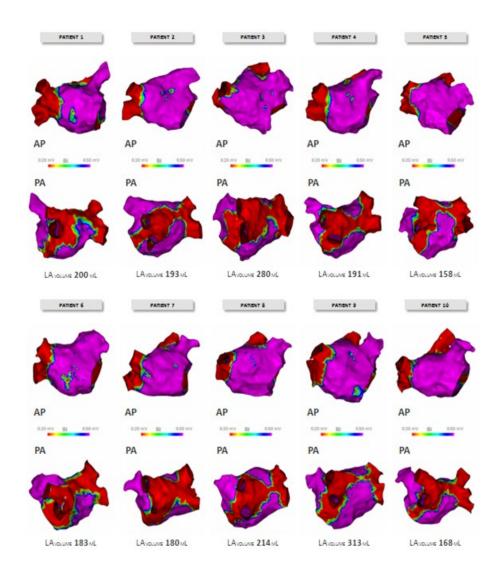


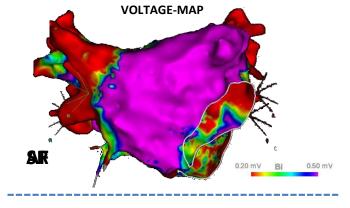
NOTABLE INTEREST REGARDING ATRIAL PHYSIOLOGY PRESERVATION

IN TERMS OF ATRIAL CONTRACTION

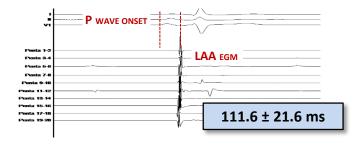


Pambrun et al – *J Cardiovasc Electrophysiol 2019;30:7-15*

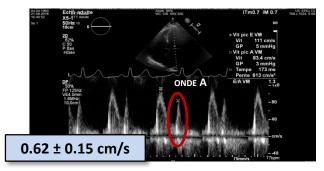




INTER-ATRIAL CONDUCTION



CONTRACTILE FUNCTION (M3)





CONCLUSION



- 1. Our previous experience with extensive EGM-based AF ablation has shown some important pitfalls
- 2. These pitfalls have urge us to propose a new ablation strategy taking into account crucial anatomical considerations
- 3. The Marshall-Plan targets native atrial structures which have proved to be clearly involved in the fibrillatory process
- 4. The Marshall-Plan also targets atrial structures which have proved to support post-ablation stable reentries
- 5. Through a clear succession of endpoints, this lesion set respects atrial physiology and ensures good 1-year results
- 6. Although promising, these results call for a long-term follow-up (24 months) in a randomized study to be confirmed





THANK YOU!







BRIEF COMPARISON OF THE TWO APPROACHES IN TERMS OF ACUTE PROCEDURAL RESULT AND LONG-TERM CLINICAL OUTCOME



